

Assignment 7 Solution (CEE 3804)

Problem 1:

Task 1)

The image shows the MATLAB desktop environment with two code editors open:

- Dams_UnitedStates.rn** (top editor):


```

1 % Import data from spreadsheet
2 % Script for importing data from the following spreadsheet:
3 %
4 % Workbook: G:\My Drive\Semester 2\Computer Application in CEE- TA\Assignment 7\US_dams_2021.xlsx
5 % Worksheet: damData
6 %
7 % Auto-generated by MATLAB on 31-Mar-2021 11:19:19
8
9 - clc;
10 - clear;
11 - close all;
12
13 %% Setup the Import Options and import the data
14 opts = spreadsheetImportOptions("NumVariables", 12);
15
16 % Specify sheet and range
17 opts.Sheet = "damData";
18 opts.DataRange = "A2:L8121";
19
20 % Specify column names and types
21 opts.VariableNames = ["Name", "Longitude", "Latitude", "County", "Height", "MaxStorgae", "NormalStorage", "SurfaceArea", "D
22 - opts.VariableTypes = ["string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "
23
24 % Specify variable properties
25 - opts = setvaropts(opts, ["Name", "Longitude", "Latitude", "County", "Height", "MaxStorgae", "NormalStorage", "SurfaceArea",
26 - opts = setvaropts(opts, ["Name", "Longitude", "Latitude", "County", "Height", "MaxStorgae", "NormalStorage", "SurfaceArea",
27
28 % Import the data
29 USdams2021 = readtable("G:\My Drive\Semester 2\Computer Application in CEE- TA\Assignment 7\US_dams_2021.xlsx", opts, "UseE
30
31 % Convert to output type
32 USdams2021 = table2cell(USdams2021);
33 numIdx = cellfun(@isnan,str2double(x)), USdams2021);
34 USdams2021(numIdx) = cellfun(@(x) (str2double(x)), USdams2021(numIdx));
35
36 - clear opts
37

```
- Dams_UnitedStates.m** (bottom editor):


```

37
38 %Define the name of variables based on the headers in excel file
39 - dam_name= USdams2021(:,1);
40 - dam_longitude= USdams2021(:,2);
41 - dam_latitude= USdams2021(:,3);
42 - dam_county= USdams2021(:,4);
43 - dam_height= USdams2021(:,5);
44 - dam_maxstorage= USdams2021(:,6);
45 - dam_normalStorage= USdams2021(:,7);
46 - dam_surfacearea= USdams2021(:,8);
47 - dam_drainarea= USdams2021(:,9);
48 - dam_hazard= USdams2021(:,10);
49 - dam_state= USdams2021(:,11);
50 - dam_year= USdams2021(:,12);
51
52 %%Find the name of dams with high hazard (H), then display the name of the first 20 hazardous dams
53 %Find the index of the high hazard dams
54 - high_hazard_index = find([dam_hazard]== 'H');
55 %Find the name of the high hazard dams
56 - high_hazard_name = dam_name(high_hazard_index);
57 %Find average surface area of the high hazard dams
58 - high_hazard_surfacearea= dam_surfacearea(high_hazard_index);
59 - high_hazard_surfacearea_average = mean(cell2mat(high_hazard_surfacearea));
60 - high_hazard_surfacearea_average_rounded = round(high_hazard_surfacearea_average,2);
61 %Display the "high_hazard_surfacearea_average" and the name of the first 20 hazardous dams
62 - disp(['Average Surface Area of High Hazard Dams is ', num2str(high_hazard_surfacearea_average_rounded), ' m2']);
63 - disp('Name of the First 20 Hazardous Dams are:');
64 - disp(string(high_hazard_name(1:20,1)));
65
66 %%Find name of dams built before the year 1900 and count the number of such dams,
67 %then find the average height of these dams. In the end, display names of
68 %the first 10 dams found.
69 - dams_year1900_index= find(cell2mat(dam_year)<1900);
70 - dams_year1900_name = dam_name(dams_year1900_index);
71 - dams_year1900_count= length(dams_year1900_index);
72 - dams_year1900_average_height= mean(cell2mat(dam_height(dams_year1900_index)));
73 - dams_year1900_average_height_rounded= round(dams_year1900_average_height,2);
74 - disp('Name of the First 10 Dams built before the year 1900 are:');
75 - disp(string(dams_year1900_name(1:10,1)));
76

```

```

Editor - G:\My Drive\Semester 2\Computer Application in CEE- TA\Assignment 7\%Dams_UnitedStates.m
55    %Find the name of the high hazard dams
56    high_hazard_name = dam_name(high_hazard_index);
57    %Find average surface area of the high hazard dams
58    high_hazard_surfacearea= dam_surfacearea(high_hazard_index);
59    high_hazard_surfacearea_average = mean(cell2mat(high_hazard_surfacearea));
60    high_hazard_surfacearea_average_rouned = round(high_hazard_surfacearea_average,2);
61    %Display the "high_hazard_surfacearea_average" and the name of the first 20 hazardous dams
62    disp(['Average Surface Area of High Hazard Dams is ', num2str(high_hazard_surfacearea_average_rouned), ' m2']);
63    disp('Name of the First 20 Hazardous Dams are:');
64    disp(string(high_hazard_name(1:20,1)));
65
66    %%Find name of dams built before the year 1900 and count the number of such dams,
67    %%then find the average height of these dams. In the end, display names of
68    %%the first 10 dams found.%%%%Task 3%%%%%
69    dams_year1900_index= find(cell2mat(dam_year)<1900);
70    dams_year1900_name = dam_name(dams_year1900_index);
71    dams_year1900_count= length(dams_year1900_index);
72    dams_year1900_average_height= mean(cell2mat(dam_height(dams_year1900_index)));
73    dams_year1900_average_height_rouned= round(dams_year1900_average_height,2);
74    disp('Name of the First 10 Dams built before the year 1900 are:');
75    disp(string(dams_year1900_name(1:10,1)));
76
77    %%Plot 1) a histogram of the maximum storage of the US dams and 2) a regular scattered plot with the dam height in the x ax
78    dam_maxstorage= string(dam_maxstorage);
79    dam_maxstorage(strcmp('',dam_maxstorage))= []; %Exclude empty cell array in the data set.
80    dam_height = string(dam_height);
81    dam_height(strcmp('',dam_height))= []; %Exclude empty cell array in the data set.
82
83
84    figure
85    histogram(double(dam_maxstorage),3);
86    title('Number of Maximum Storage of Dams in the US');
87    xlabel('Max Storage');
88    ylabel('Count of Dams');
89
90    figure
91    plot(str2double(dam_height),str2double(dam_maxstorage),'*r');
92    title('Maximum Storage vs Height for the US Dams');
93    xlabel('Height');
94    ylabel('Max Storage');
95    grid
96

```

Task 2)

```

Command Window
Average Surface Area of High Hazard Dams is 8119.39 m2
Name of the First 20 Hazardous Dams are:
"COAMO"
"PATILLAS"
"LOCO"
"ANNA MARIA 5"
"FORTIGUES"
"CARITE"
"ANTONIO LUCCHETTI"
"GUAYABAL"
"TOA VACA DAM"
"GARZAS"
"GUINEO"
"PRIETO"
"CIDRA"
"ADJUNTAS"
"FELLEJAS"
"MATRULLAS"
"GUAYO"
"YAHUECAS"
"VIVI"
"COMERIO DAM 2"

```

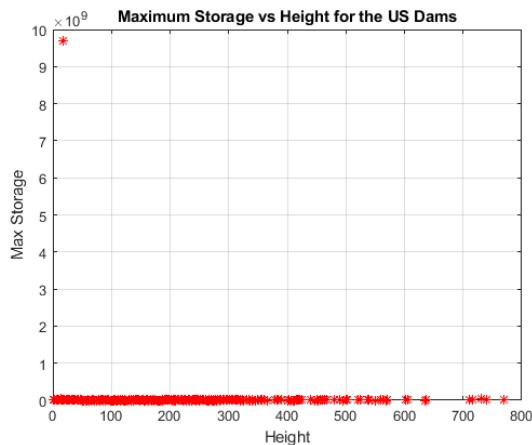
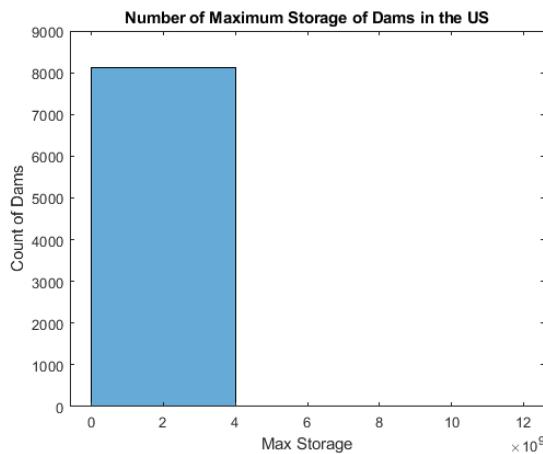
Task 3)

```
>> dams_year1900_count
dams_year1900_count =
223

>> dams_year1900_average_height_rounded
dams_year1900_average_height_rounded =
44.5100

>> disp('Name of the First 10 Dams built before the year 1900 are:');
disp(string(dams_year1900_name(1:10,1)));
Name of the First 10 Dams built before the year 1900 are:
"KAPALAALAEA RESERVOIR"
"FORT PULASKI NM HISTORIC DIKE"
"SWEETWATER MAIN"
"CUYAMACA"
"HEMET, LAKE"
"RIVER RESERVOIR #3"
"WALNUT CANYON"
"BUENA VISTA"
"PAN"
"FERN LAKE DAM"
```

Task 4)



Problem 2:

Task 1)

The image shows two MATLAB code editor windows side-by-side.

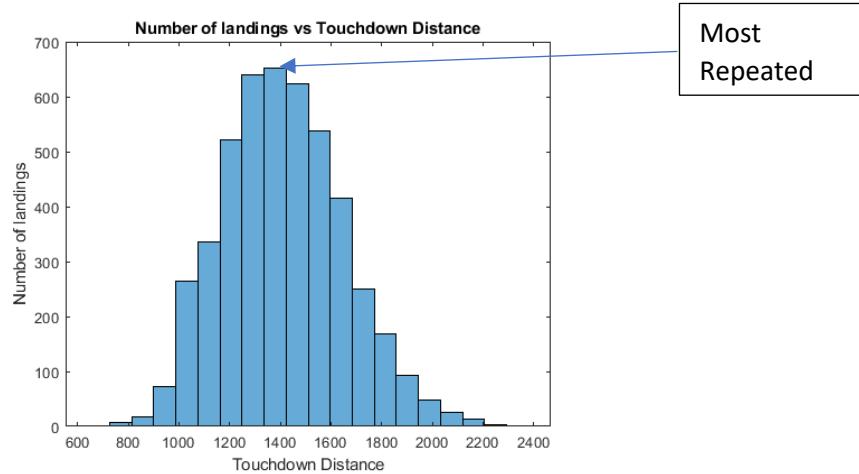
Landing_flight.m (Top Window):

```
1 % Import data from spreadsheet
2 % Script for importing data from the following spreadsheet:
3 %
4 % Workbook: G:\My Drive\Semester 2\Computer Application in CEE- TA\Assignment 7\LGA22_ROT_data.xlsx
5 % Worksheet: LGA22_allTD_data
6 %
7 % Auto-generated by MATLAB on 31-Mar-2021 14:31:13
8
9 %% Setup the Import Options and import the data
10
11 close all
12 clear
13 clc
14
15 opts = spreadsheetImportOptions("NumVariables", 8);
16
17 % Specify sheet and range
18 opts.Sheet = "LGA22_allTD_data";
19 opts.DataRange = "A2:H48765";
20
21 % Specify column names and types
22 opts.VariableNames = ["Airport", "FlightID", "Aircraft", "TouchdownDistanceft", "ROTFuselages", "ExitDistanceft", "Threshold"];
23 opts.VariableTypes = ["string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "string"];
24
25 % Specify variable properties
26 opts = setvaropts(opts, ["Airport", "FlightID", "Aircraft", "TouchdownDistanceft", "ROTFuselages", "ExitDistanceft", "Threshold"]);
27 opts = setvaropts(opts, ["Airport", "FlightID", "Aircraft", "TouchdownDistanceft", "ROTFuselages", "ExitDistanceft", "Threshold"]);
28
29 % Import the data
30 LGA22ROTdata = readable("G:\My Drive\Semester 2\Computer Application in CEE- TA\Assignment 7\LGA22_ROT_data.xlsx", opts, " ");
31
32 %% Convert to output type
33 LGA22ROTdata = table2cell(LGA22ROTdata);
34 numIdx = cellfun(@(x) ~isnan(str2double(x)), LGA22ROTdata);
35 LGA22ROTdata(numIdx) = cellfun(@(x) (str2double(x)), LGA22ROTdata(numIdx));
36
37 %% Clear temporary variables
38 clear opts
```

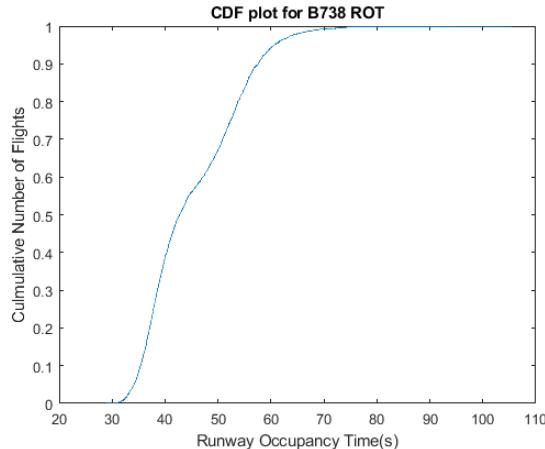
Landing_flight2.m (Bottom Window):

```
40 %%Define the name of variables based on the headers in excel file.%%%%Task 1%%%%%
41 airport_name = LGA22ROTdata( :,1);
42 flight_id = LGA22ROTdata( :,2);
43 aircraft_name = LGA22ROTdata( :,3);
44 touchdown_distance = LGA22ROTdata( :,4);
45 ROT_fuselage = LGA22ROTdata( :,5);
46 exit_distance = LGA22ROTdata( :,6);
47 threshold_speed = LGA22ROTdata( :,7);
48 exit_speed = LGA22ROTdata( :,8);
49
50 %%Plot histogram for touchdown distance for B738%%Task 2%%%%%
51 B738_index = find([aircraft_name(:)] == 'B738');
52 touchdown_distance_B738 = touchdown_distance(B738_index);
53
54 figure
55 histogram(cell2mat(touchdown_distance_B738),20);
56 title('Number of landings vs Touchdown Distance');
57 xlabel('Touchdown Distance');
58 ylabel('Number of landings');
59
60 %%scatter plot with the exit distance (x-axis) versus ROT (y-axis) for all aircraft in the data.
61 figure
62 createfigure(cell2mat(exit_distance),cell2mat(ROT_fuselage)) %call createfigure function to create desired scatter plot
63
64 %%Plot a CDF plot for B738
65 figure
66 ROT_fuselage_B738 = ROT_fuselage(B738_index);
67 cdfplot(cell2mat(ROT_fuselage_B738));
68 title('CDF plot for B738 ROT');
69 xlabel('Runway Occupancy Time(s)');
70 ylabel('Cumulative Number of Flights');
71 grid
72
73
74 %%Estimate the percent of landings for aircraft of type A320 with runway threshold crossing speeds below 125 knots.%%Task
75 A320_index = find([aircraft_name(:)] == 'A320');
76 A320_number = length(A320_index);
77 number_A320_Speed125 = length(find(cell2mat(threshold_speed(A320_index)) < 125));
78 percentage_A320_Speed125 = round((number_A320_Speed125/A320_number)*100,2);
79
```

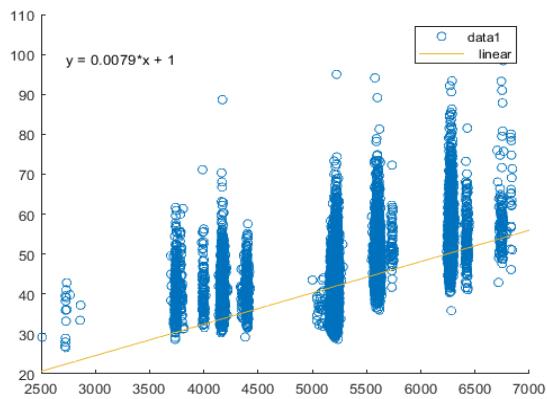
Task 2)



Task 3)



Task 4)



Note: This scatter plot has been created using script generator feature in MATLAB. Also, the codes to create this plot is available on page 4.

Task 5)

Landing_flight.m

```

55 - histogram(cell2mat(touchdown_distance_B738),20);
56 - title('Number of landings vs Touchdown Distance');
57 - xlabel('Touchdown Distance');
58 - ylabel('Number of landings');
59
60 %%scatter plot with the exit distance (x-axis) versus ROT (y-axis) for all aircraft in the data.
61 - figure
62 - createfigure(cell2mat(exit_distance),cell2mat(ROT_fuselage)) %call createfigure function to create desired scatter plot
63
64 %%Plot a CDF plot for B738
65 - figure
66 - ROT_fuselage_B738 = ROT_fuselage(B738_index);
67 - cdfplot(cell2mat(ROT_fuselage_B738));
68 - title('CDF plot for B738 ROT');
69 - xlabel('Runway Occupancy Time(s)');
70 - ylabel('Culmulative Number of Flights');
71 - grid
72
73
74 %%Estimate the percent of landings for aircraft of type A320 with runway threshold crossing speeds below 125 knots.%%%Task
75 - A320_index = find([aircraft_name(:)] == 'A320');
76 - A320_number = length(A320_index);
77 - number_A320_Speed125 = length(find(cell2mat(threshold_speed(A320_index)) < 125));
78 - percentage_A320_Speed125 = round((number_A320_Speed125/A320_number)*100,2);
79
80

```

Command Window

```

>> percentage_A320_Speed125
percentage_A320_Speed125 =
18.2600

```

Problem 3:

Task 1)

Amtrak_Stations.m

```

7 % Auto-generated by MATLAB on 31-Mar-2021 16:19:08
8
9 %% Setup the Import Options and import the data
10
11 - close all
12 - clear
13 - clc
14
15 - opts = spreadsheetImportOptions("NumVariables", 6);
16
17 % Specify sheet and range
18 - opts.Sheet = "Sheet1";
19 - opts.DataRange = "A2:F880";
20
21 % Specify column names and types
22 - opts.VariableNames = ["Longitude_deg", "Latitude_deg", "Station_Code", "County", "State", "Station_Type"];
23 - opts.VariableTypes = ["string", "string", "string", "string", "string", "string"];
24
25 % Specify variable properties
26 - opts = setvaropts(opts, ["Longitude_deg", "Latitude_deg", "Station_Code", "County", "State", "Station_Type"], "WhitespaceRu
27 - opts = setvaropts(opts, ["Longitude_deg", "Latitude_deg", "Station_Code", "County", "State", "Station_Type"], "EmptyFieldRu
28
29 % Import the data
30 - Amtrakstations = readable("G:\My Drive\Semester 2\Computer Application in CEE- TA\Assignment 7\Amtrak_stations.xlsx", opts
31
32 %% Convert to output type
33 - Amtrakstations = table2cell(Amtrakstations);
34 - numIdx = cellfun(@isnan,str2double(x)), Amtrakstations);
35 - Amtrakstations(numIdx) = cellfun(@(x) (str2double(x)), Amtrakstations(numIdx));
36
37 %% Clear temporary variables
38 - clear opts
39
40 %%Define the name of variables based on the headers in excel file.%%%%%Task 1%%%%%
41 - longitude = Amtrakstations( :,1);
42 - latitude = Amtrakstations( :,2);
43 - station_code = Amtrakstations( :,3);
44 - county = Amtrakstations( :,4);
45 - state = Amtrakstations( :,5);
46 - station_type = Amtrakstations( :,6);
47

```

```

Amtrak_Stations.m + 

48 %%%%%%Task 2%%%%%
49 %Retrieve data for the US map
50 - [num,txt,raw] = xlsread('US_coastline.xlsx');
51 % plot the US outline
52 - plot(num(:,2), num(:,1), '-r');
53 - grid
54 - title('United States Map');
55 - xlabel('Longitude');
56 - ylabel('Latitude');
57 - hold on
58
59
60 - railstations_index = find([station_type(:)] == 'RAIL'); %find all rail stations
61 - state_railstations = state(railstations_index); %detect the name state.
62
63 %Find the lat/lon of stations in CA and VA
64 - railstation_lon = longitude(railstations_index);
65 - railstation_lat = latitude(railstations_index);
66 - california = find([state_railstations(:)] == 'CA');
67 - virginia = find([state_railstations(:)] == 'VA');
68
69 - california_lon = railstation_lon(california);
70 - california_lat = railstation_lat(california);
71 - virginia_lon = railstation_lon(virginia);
72 - virginia_lat = railstation_lat(virginia);
73
74 % plots California rail stations
75 - plot(cell2mat(california_lon), cell2mat(california_lat), '.r');
76 %plot virginia rail stations
77 - plot(cell2mat(virginia_lon),cell2mat(virginia_lat),'.b');
78
79
80 %%%%%%Task 3%%%%%
81 %Find the lat/lon of stations at New York, then plot them in green.
82 - newyork = find([state_railstations(:)] == 'NY');
83 - newyork_lon = railstation_lon(newyork);
84 - newyork_lat = railstation_lat(newyork);
85 - plot(cell2mat(newyork_lon), cell2mat(newyork_lat),'^g');
86

```

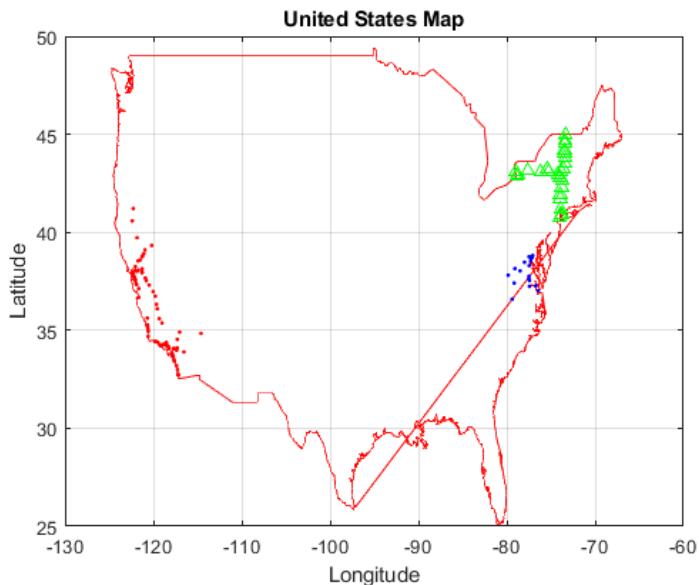
```

Amtrak_Stations.m + 

66 - california = find([state_railstations(:)] == 'CA');
67 - virginia = find([state_railstations(:)] == 'VA');
68
69 - california_lon = railstation_lon(california);
70 - california_lat = railstation_lat(california);
71 - virginia_lon = railstation_lon(virginia);
72 - virginia_lat = railstation_lat(virginia);
73
74 % plots California rail stations
75 - plot(cell2mat(california_lon), cell2mat(california_lat), '.r');
76 %plot virginia rail stations
77 - plot(cell2mat(virginia_lon),cell2mat(virginia_lat),'.b');
78
79
80 %%%%%%Task 3%%%%%
81 %Find the lat/lon of stations at New York, then plot them in green.
82 - newyork = find([state_railstations(:)] == 'NY');
83 - newyork_lon = railstation_lon(newyork);
84 - newyork_lat = railstation_lat(newyork);
85 - plot(cell2mat(newyork_lon), cell2mat(newyork_lat),'^g');
86
87 %%%%%%Task 4%%%%%
88 - busstation_index = find([station_type(:)] == 'BUS');
89 - state_busstations = state(busstation_index);
90 - number_of_stations = length(state_busstations);
91 - %Count the number of distinct states with bus system
92 - states_with_bus = unique(string(state_busstations));
93

```

Task 2 and 3)



Task 4)

```
Command Window
>> number_of_stations
number_of_stations =
336
>> states_with_bus
states_with_bus =
33x1 string array
"AL"
"AZ"
"BC"
"CA"
"CO"
"CT"
"DE"
"FL"
"IA"
"ID"
"IL"
"IN"
"KY"
"LA"
"MA"
"MD"
"ME"
"MI"
"MN"
"NC"
"NH"
"NM"
"NV"
"NY"
"OK"
"OR"
"TX"
"UT"
"VA"
"VT"
"WA"
"WT"
```

Problem 4:

Task 1)

The screenshot shows the MATLAB Editor with two files open: `Train.m` and `Train_noise.m`. The `Train.m` script contains code to estimate train noise, including variable definitions and a call to the `Train_noise` function. The `Train_noise.m` function calculates the equivalent noise level (Leq) based on reference sound exposure level (SELref), number of cars (Ncars), speed (S), and volume (V).

```
1 % Estimate the noise generated by a train
2 % parameters and inputs:
3 % Leq = equivalent noise level (decibels - dBA)
4 % SEL ref = reference sound exposure level (decibels - dBA)
5 % Ncars = number of cars in the train
6 % S = train speed (mph)
7 % V = hourly average train volume (trains per hour)
8
9 % Leq = SELref + 10 log(Ncars) + 20 log(S/50) + 10 log (V) - 31.6
10 close all
11 clear
12 clc
13
14
15 % Determine the input values
16 Ncars = 6;
17 V = 25;
18 SELref = 55;
19 S = 20:1:65;
20 % Call the function named "Train_noise". The calculated noises are returned to main script as variable "Leq".
21 [Leq] = (Train_noise(SELref, Ncars, S, V));
22
23 % Plot Leq vs Speed
24 plot(S,Leq,'r*')
25 title('Noise generated by a train (dB) vs Speed (mph)');
26 xlabel('Speed (mph)');
27 ylabel('Noise generated by a train (dB)');
28 grid
29
```

```
1 function [Leq] = Train_noise(SELref, Ncars, S, V)
2
3 Leq = SELref + 10 * log(Ncars) + 20 * log(S/50) + 10 * log(V) -31.6;
4
5
6
7
8
9 end
10
```

The screenshot shows the MATLAB Editor with the same two files open. The `Train.m` script now includes a call to the `Train_noise` function, which returns the calculated noise levels (`Leq`) as a column vector.

```
>> Leq
Leq =
55.1805
56.1563
57.0867
57.9758
58.8270
59.6434
60.4278
61.1826
61.9100
62.6118
63.2898
63.9456
64.5806
65.1960
65.7931
66.3729
66.9500
67.5143
68.0176
68.5371
69.0435
69.5373
70.0193
70.4899
70.9497
71.3991
71.8387
72.2688
72.6899
73.1023
73.5064
73.9024
74.2908
74.6717
75.0456
75.4146
75.7729
76.1269
76.4740
76.8155
```

Task 2)

The screenshot shows the MATLAB Command Window displaying the output of the `Leq` variable, which is a column vector of noise levels ranging from 55.1805 to 76.8155.

```
Command Window
>> Leq
Leq =
55.1805
56.1563
57.0867
57.9758
58.8270
59.6434
60.4278
61.1826
61.9100
62.6118
63.2898
63.9456
64.5806
65.1960
65.7931
66.3729
66.9500
67.5143
68.0176
68.5371
69.0435
69.5373
70.0193
70.4899
70.9497
71.3991
71.8387
72.2688
72.6899
73.1023
73.5064
73.9024
74.2908
74.6717
75.0456
75.4146
75.7729
76.1269
76.4740
76.8155
```

Task 3)

